INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2006

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OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	BOARD OF EDUCATION	
	(Before September, 2005 Election)	
Eric Bixby Anne Scroggin John Morris Sue Reiher Jon Heuer	President Vice President	2005 2006 2007 2006 2007
	(After September, 2005 Election)	
Eric Bixby Anne Scroggin John Morris Sue Reiher Jon Heuer	President Vice President	2008 2006 2007 2006 2007

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Warren Davison Superintendent

Noreen Wiegmann District Secretary/
Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of Education of the Allison-Bristow Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Allison-Bristow Community School District, Allison, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Allison-Bristow Community School District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our reports dated July 25, 2006 on our consideration of Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 33 through 34 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Allison-Bristow Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report. The financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2005 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 5, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

July 25, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Allison-Bristow Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2006 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$2,789,517 in fiscal 2005 to \$2,820,414 in fiscal 2006, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$2,784,890 in fiscal year 2005 to \$2,798,372 in fiscal 2006. The District's General Fund balance increased from \$268,281 in fiscal 2005 to \$291,073 in fiscal 2006, an 8% increase.
- The District showed virtually no increase in expenditures as a result of careful monitoring of discretionary spending.
- The District received \$32,373 in a Federal Small Rural Schools Achievement Grant as part of the Rural Education Achievement Program.
- The District's Certified Enrollment dropped from 318.0 students in September 2004 to 307.3 students in September 2005.
- Whole grade sharing with Greene Community School District of grades 5-12 began July 1, 2004, Instructional costs, transportation (excluding extra curricular) were shared on a prorata of students enrolled from each district in grades 5-12.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basis financial statements and required supplementary information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

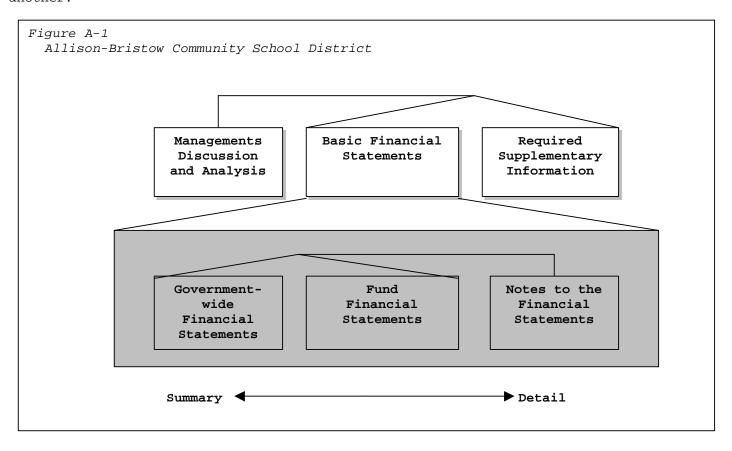


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain the remainder of this overview section of the management discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses; food services and adult education	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs		
Required financial statements	• Statement of net assets • Statement of activities	• Balance sheet • Statement of revenues expenditures, and changes in fund balances	• Statement of net assets • Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	• Statement of fiduciary net assets • Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Fund. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, special education, building and grounds maintenance, transportation, and administration. Most of these activities are funded with property taxes, local option sales tax and state aid financing.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trusts.
 - Private-Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for outside donations for scholarships for individual students in this fund.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 compared to June 30, 2005.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	Governm	Governmental		Business-type		al	Percentage	
	Activi	ities	Activi	Activities		School District		
	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	_	
Current assets	3,143	2,628	3	3	3,146	2,631	19.57%	
Capital assets	1,786	1,863	1	5	1,787	1,868	- <u>4.34</u> %	
Total assets	4,929	4,491	4	8	4,933	4,499	<u>9.65</u> %	
Current liabilities	2,356	2,033	_	1	2,356	2,034	15.83%	
Non-current liabilities	206	447			206	447	- <u>53.91</u> %	
Total liabilities	2,562	2,480		1	2,562	2,481	3.26%	
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	1,580	1,416	1	5	1,581	1,421	11.26%	
Restricted	430	270	=	-	430	270	59.26%	
Unrestricted	357	325	3	2	360	327	<u>10.09</u> %	
Total net assets	2,367	2,011	4	7	2,371	2,018	17.49%	

The District's net assets increased by over \$350,000 during the year ending June 30, 2006. The primary reason for this increase was in the Capital Projects Fund. Unrestricted net assets increased primarily due to cost control measures implemented by the District. Expenses increased less than ½ of one percent from FY2005 to FY2006.

Changes in net assets – figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Figure A-4
Change in Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	Governmental		Business-type		Tot	Total		
	Activi	ties	Activi	Activities		istrict	Change	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service								
and sales	218	237	72	69	290	306	-5.23%	
Operating grants,								
contributions and interest	417	419	51	53	468	472	-0.85%	
General revenues:								
Property tax	1,361	1,322	_	_	1,361	1,322	2.95%	
Income surtax	79	123	_	_	79	123	100.00%	
Local option sales tax	151	143	_	_	151	143	5.59%	
Unrestricted state grants	1,138	1,085	_	_	1,138	1,085	4.88%	
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	19	6	_	_	19	6	216.67%	
Other	16	18			16	18	- <u>11.11</u> %	
Total revenues	3,399	3,353	123	122	3,522	3,475	<u>1.35</u> %	
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	1,884	1,818	_	_	1,884	1,818	3.63%	
Support Services	994	1,030	_	_	994	1,030	-3.50%	
Non-instructional programs	2	11	127	126	129	137	-5.84%	
Other expenses	162	215			162	215	- <u>24.65</u> %	
Total expenses	3,042	3,074	127	126	3,169	3,200	- <u>0.97</u> %	
Change in net assets	357	279	(4)	(4)	353	275	28.36%	

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 71% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily related to instruction and support services, which account for 91% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$3,398,552 and expenses were \$3,041,547.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses.

Figure A-5
Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities
(expressed in thousands)

	(expressed in chousands)							
	Total	Cost of Se	rvices	Net C	rvices			
			Change			Change		
	2006	2005	2005-2006	2006	2005	2005-2006		
	\$	\$		\$	\$			
Instruction	1,884	1,818	3.63%	1,388	1,300	6.77%		
Support services	994	1,030	-3.50%	957	989	-3.24%		
Non-instructional programs	2	11	-81.82%	2	11	-81.82%		
Other expenses	162	215	<u>-24.65%</u>	59	117	<u>-49.57%</u>		
Totals	3,042	3,074	- <u>1.04</u> %	2,406	2,417	- <u>0.46</u> %		

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$217,856.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$344,121.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,360,800 in property tax, \$1,137,921 in state foundation aid, and \$19,490 in interest income.

PROPRIETARY-TYPE FUNDS

Revenues for the District's School Nutrition Fund were \$123,547 and expenses were \$127,312. The revenues include charges for services and federal and state reimbursements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The Allison-Bristow Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,367,655, which is 17% greater than last year's ending fund balance of \$2,010,650.

Governmental Fund Highlights

Several factors contributed to the increase of the fund balance in the District's governmental funds. Some of these factors were unexpected; some were deliberately planned.

- Continuing cost savings were realized due to whole grade sharing with the Greene Community School District.
- The District is closely monitoring spending in all funds, especially the General Fund.
- State and local revenues increased from the prior year.
- Local option sales tax began to be collected in 2004. This money is being used for items previously paid for with property tax revenues.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

School Nutrition Fund net assets decreased from \$7,366 at June 30, 2005 to \$3,601 at June 30, 2006, representing a decrease of approximately 51%.

Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

It is the District's practice, as is in most Iowa school district, to budget expenditures at or about the maximum authorized spending. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed the actual expenditures for the year. During fiscal year 2006, budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures in all four functions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District has invested more than \$1.7 million (net of depreciation) by the end of fiscal year 2006 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, kitchen, computers and audio-visual equipment, maintenance equipment, school buses and other vehicles, library holdings, and textbooks. Total depreciation expenses for the year exceeded \$80,000.

Long-Term Debt

The District had \$206,038 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of \$241,038 from the previous year.

The District had total outstanding bonded indebtedness (including interest) on June 30, 2006, of \$171,930. The principal and interest on the bonds will be paid in full by June 1, 2007. The District makes principal and interest payments annually on these bonds using property tax dollars obtained through a debt service levy specifically for these bonds.

The District bought two buses in 2005. There remains \$41,038 of debt that will be paid in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- In January 2004, the voters of Butler County approved a ten-year School Infrastructure Local Option sales tax, which will provide funds for property tax reduction and school infrastructure projects affecting the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds of the District beginning July 2004.
- To offset the impact of declining enrollment, the State has provided a budget guarantee provision for districts. This budget guarantee provision is being phased out over a 10 year period. The District was on budget guarantee for Fiscal Year 2006 and will continue to be on budget guarantee for several years to come. Due to previous and continued declining enrollment, the amount of this reduction due to the phase out of the budget guarantee will likely grow over the next several years.

- In June 2007, the District will complete its payment of its bonded indebtedness for the high school addition.
- The District will continue to be required to comply with unfunded and under funded mandates from the federal and state governments such as the federal No Child Left Behind Act and the state Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Initiative. This will require the District to find ways to provide services in the areas of assessment and professional development, which will divert funds from other student service areas.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Noreen Wiegmann, District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manager, Allison-Bristow Community School District, 513 Birch Street, Allison, Iowa 50602.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	572,845	1,465	574,310
ISCAP investments	946,349	-	946,349
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Current year	21,979	-	21,979
Succeeding year	1,402,734	-	1,402,734
Income surtax - succeeding year	66,379	-	66,379
Due from other governments	75,119	-	75,119
ISCAP accrued interest receivable	7,122	=	7,122
Other receivables	50,878	90	50,968
Inventories	-	1,533	1,533
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,785,764	524	1,786,288
Total assets	4,929,169	3,612	4,932,781
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	_	11	11
Accrued interest payable	577	-	577
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	1,402,734	_	1,402,734
ISCAP warrants payable	946,000	_	946,000
ISCAP accrued interest payable	6,165	_	6,165
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	165,000	-	165,000
Bus loan payable	41,038		41,038
Total liabilities	2,561,514	11	2,561,525
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,579,726	524	1,580,250
Restricted for:	1,379,720	324	1,300,230
Management levy	44,422	-	44,422
Student activities	13,823	-	13,823
Physical plant and equipment levy	23,310	-	23,310
Debt service	90,720	-	90,720
Capital projects	258,202	-	258,202
Unrestricted	357,452	3,077	360,529
Total net assets	2,367,655	3,601	2,371,256

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type _Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	1,883,688	197,566	297,684	(1,388,438)		(1,388,438)
Support services:						
Student services	4,140	-	_	(4,140)	-	(4,140)
Instructional staff services	85,184	-	-	(85,184)	-	(85,184)
Administration services	412,358	-	_	(412,358)	-	(412,358)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	289,286	-	16,546	(272,740)	-	(272,740)
Transportation services	198,169	20,290		(177,879)		(177,879)
	989,137	20,290	16,546	(952,301)		(952,301)
Non-instructional programs:						
Food service operations	1,923			(1,923)		(1,923)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	97,375	-	97,375	-	-	-
Long-term debt services	400	-	_	(400)	-	(400)
Long-term debt interest	14,848	-	5,210	(9,638)	-	(9,638)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	54,176			(54,176)		(54,176)
	166,799		102,585	(64,214)		(64,214)
Total governmental activities	3,041,547	217,856	416,815	(2,406,876)	-	(2,406,876)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Progr	ram Revenues	-		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities: Non-instructional programs: Nutrition services	127,312	72,140	51,407	_	(3,765)	(3,765)
Total	3,168,859	289,996	468,222	(2,406,876)	(3,765)	(2,410,641)
General revenues: Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				1,016,801	_	1,016,801
Management levy				99,981	-	99,981
Debt service				168,632	_	168,632
Capital outlay				75,386	_	75,386
Income surtax				78,933	-	78,933
Local option sales tax				151,064	-	151,064
Unrestricted state grants				1,137,921	-	1,137,921
Unrestricted investment earnings				19,490	-	19,490
Other				15,673		15,673
Total general revenue				2,763,881		2,763,881
Change in net assets				357,005	(3,765)	353,240
Net assets beginning of year				2,010,650	7,366	2,018,016
Net assets end of year				2,367,655	3,601	2,371,256

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

See notes to financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	223,066	88,652	191,501	69,626	572,845
ISCAP investments	946,349	-	_	-	946,349
Receivables:					
Property tax:					
Current year	16,470	2,645	-	2,864	21,979
Succeeding year	1,051,052	171,930	_	179,752	1,402,734
Income surtax - succeeding year	66,379	_	_	-	66,379
Due from other governments	8,418	_	66,701	-	75,119
ISCAP accrued interest receivable	7,122	-	_	-	7,122
Other receivables	41,813			9,065	50,878
Total assets	2,360,669	263,227	258,202	261,307	3,143,405
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
ISCAP warrants payable	946,000	-	-	-	946,000
ISCAP accrued interest payable	6,165	-	_	-	6,165
Deferred revenue:					
Succeeding year property tax	1,051,052	171,930	_	179,752	1,402,734
Succeeding year income surtax	66,379				66,379
Total liabilities	2,069,596	171,930		179,752	2,421,278
Fund balances:					
Reserved for debt service	_	91,297		_	91,297
Reserved for capital projects	_	<i>.</i> –	258,202	_	258,202
Unreserved fund balance	291,073	_	_	81,555	372,628
Total fund balances	291,073	91,297	258,202	81,555	722,127
Total liabilities and fund balances	2,360,669	263,227	258,202	261,307	3,143,405

\$ 2,367,655

ALLISON-BRISTOW COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)		\$ 722,127
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2006 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.		66,379
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		1,785,764
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(577)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds Bus Loan payablew	(165,000) (41,038)	
		(206,038)

Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

Year ended June 30, 2006

				Nonmajor	
		Debt	Capital	Special	
	General	Service	Projects	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:					
Local sources					
Local tax	1,086,243	168,632	151,064	175,367	1,581,306
Tuition	178,363	_	_	_	178,363
Other	73,906	5,210	4,757	62,727	146,600
State sources	1,369,647	_	-	140	1,369,787
Federal sources	112,255				112,255
Total revenues	2,820,414	173,842	155,821	238,234	3,388,311
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	1,803,606			80,082	1,883,688
Support services:					
Student services	4,140	_	-	-	4,140
Instructional staff services	85,184	_	-	-	85,184
Administration services	402,255	_	_	10,103	412,358
Operation and maintenance of					
plant services	255,609	_	-	33,677	289,286
Transportation services	150,203		<u> </u>	25,371	175,574
	897,391			69,151	966,542
Non-instructional programs:					
Food service operations				1,923	1,923

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Debt	Capital	Nonmajor Special	
	General	Service	Projects	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other expenditures:					
AEA flowthrough	97,375	-	-	-	97,375
Long-term debt:					
Services	-	400	-	_	400
Principal	-	241,038	-	_	241,038
Interest	-	15,568	-	_	15,568
Facilities acquisition and					
construction					
	97,375	257,006			354,381
Total expenditures	2,798,372	257,006		151,156	3,206,534
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	22,042	(83,164)	155,821	87,078	181,777
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sales of equipment and materials	750	_	_	_	750
Operating transfers in	_	88,243	_	_	88,243
Operating transfers out			(41,038)	(47,205)	(88,243)
	750	88,243	(41,038)	(47,205)	750
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and					
other financing sources (uses)	22,792	5,079	114,783	39,873	182,527
Fund balances beginning of year	268,281	86,218	143,419	41,682	539,600
Fund balances end of year	291,073	91,297	258,202	81,555	722,127

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ 182,527

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2006 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a revenue in the Statement of Activities.

9,491

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:

Capital outlays
Depreciation expense

(76,771) (76,771)

Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of long-term debt liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year repayments exceeded issues, as follows:

Issued

Repayments

241,038 241,038

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

720

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

\$ 357,005

Year ended June 30, 2006

	School Nutrition \$
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for services	72,140
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	56,895
Benefits	7,617
Services	402
Supplies	57,810
Depreciation	4,588
Total operating expenses	127,312
Operating (loss)	(55,172)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,704
Federal sources	49,673
Interest income	30
	51,407
Changes in net assets	(3,765)
Net assets beginning of year	7,366
Net assets end of year	3,601

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2006

	School Nutrition
	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	72,050
Cash payments to employees for services	(64,512)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(49,534)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(41,996)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1,704
Federal grants received	40,688
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	42,392
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	30
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	426
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	1,039
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	1,465
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	(55,172)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss) to net cash	
provided by (used in) operating activities:	4 500
Depreciation Commodities used	4,588 8,985
(Increase) in other receivables	(90)
Decrease in inventory	408
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(715)
	(41,996)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to	
specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:	
Current assets:	
Cash	1,465

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the District received federal commodities valued at \$8,985.

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trusts
	Scholarships
	\$
Assets	
Cash	43,458
Total assets	43,458
Net Assets Reserved for scholarships	43,458

Total net assets	43,458

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trusts
	Scholarships
	\$
Additions:	
Local sources:	
Miscellaneous	36,049
Total additions	36,049
Deductions: Support services:	
Scholarships	2,250
Total deductions	2,250
Change in net assets	33,799
Net assets beginning of year	9,659
Net assets end of year	43,458

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Allison-Bristow Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Allison and Bristow, Iowa, and agricultural area in Butler County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis. The District is involved in two way whole grade sharing agreement with the Greene Community School District.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Allison-Bristow Community School District has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Allison-Bristow Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Butler County Assessor Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the tow preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used for scholarship payments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statement of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

 $\frac{\text{Property Tax Receivable}}{\text{using the modified accrual basis of accounting.}} \text{- Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.}$

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking the budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2004 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2005.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment	20-50 years 5-15 years

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2006.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2006, the District had investments in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust as follow:

Amortized Cost

Diversified Portfolio

\$531,403

The investments are valued at an amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Credit risk - The investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust were both rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Services.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning			Balance End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	37,525			37,525
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,708,800	_	_	2,708,800
Furniture and Equipment	442,789			442,789
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,151,589			3,151,589
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,020,336	54,176	_	1,074,512
Furniture and Equipment	306,243	22,595		328,838
Total accumulated depreciation	1,326,579	76,771		1,403,350
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,825,010	(76,771)		1,748,239
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	1,862,535	(76,771)		1,785,764
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	55,064	0	_	55,064
Less accumulated depreciation	49,952	4,588		54,540
Business type activities capital assets, net	5,112	(4,588)		524
Depreciation expense was charged to the following fur Governmental activities: Support services:	nctions:			
Transportation				22,595
Unallocated				54,176
				76,771
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				4,588

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$83,312, \$83,394, and \$85,805 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$97,375 for year ended June 30, 2006 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(6) General Obligation Bonds

Details of the District's General Obligation Bonds issued June 1, 2001 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
	%	\$	\$	\$
2007	4.20	\$ <u>165,000</u>	<u>6,930</u>	<u>171,930</u>

(7) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2006 are summarized as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Loan Notes	School Bus Loan	<u>Total</u>
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$320,000 - 155,000	45,000 - 45,000	82,076 - 41,038	447,076 - 241,038
Balance end of year	\$ <u>165,000</u>		41,038	206,038

(8) Iowa School Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP)

The District participated in the Iowa School Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP). ISCAP is a program of the Iowa Association of School Boards and is designed to provide funds to participating entities during periods of cash deficits. ISCAP is funded by a semiannual issuance of anticipatory warrants, which mature as noted below. The warrant sizing of each school corporation is based on a projection of cash flow needs during the semiannual period. ISCAP accounts are maintained for each participating entity, and monthly statements are provided regarding their cash balance, interest earnings, and amounts available for withdrawal for each outstanding series of warrants. Bankers Trust Co. NA is the trustee for the program. A summary of the District's participation in ISCAP at June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Series	Warrant _Date	Final Warrant <u>Maturity</u>	Investment	Accrued Interest Receivable	Warrants Payable	Accrued Interest Payable
2005-06A 2005-06B 2006-07A	6/30/05 1/26/06 6/28/06	6/30/06 1/26/07 6/28/07	\$ - 342,190 604,159	- 6,934 <u>188</u>	341,000 605,000	6,011 154
Total			\$ <u>946,349</u>	7,122	946,000	<u>6,165</u>

The District pledges its state foundation aid payments and General Fund receipts as security for warrants issued. Repayments must be made when General Fund receipts are received. If a balance is outstanding on the last date the funds are available to be drawn, then the District must repay the outstanding withdrawal from its General Fund receipts. In addition, the District must make minimum warrant repayments on the 25th of each month immediately following the final date that the warrant proceeds may be used in an amount equal to 25% of the warrant amount. There was no ISCAP advance activity in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The warrants bear an interest rate and the available proceeds of the warrants are invested at an interest rate as shown below:

<u>Series</u>	Interest Rates on Warrants	Interest Rates on Investments
2005-06A	4.000%	3.903%
2005-06B	4.500	4.772
2006-07A	4.500	5.676

(9) School Bus Notes

The District borrowed \$123,114 during the year ended June 30, 2005 for the purchase of two school buses. The loan will be paid off in three equal payments of \$41,038, the second of which was made during the current fiscal year. The final payment will be made in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006. There is no interest on this loan.

(10) Interfund Transfers

The detail of Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects Special Revenues: Physical Plant and	\$41,038
	Equipment Levy	47,205
		\$88,243

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted	Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance -
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources	1,906,269	72,170	1,978,439	1,964,947	1,964,947	13,492
State sources	1,369,787	1,704	1,371,491	1,384,358	1,384,358	(12,867)
Federal sources	112,255	49,673	161,928	200,000	200,000	(38,072)
Total revenues	3,388,311	123,547	3,511,858	3,549,305	3,549,305	(37,447)
Expenditures:						
Instruction	1,883,688	-	1,883,688	2,070,000	2,070,000	186,312
Support services	966,542	-	966,542	999,000	999,000	32,458
Non-instructional programs	1,923	127,312	129,235	250,000	250,000	120,765
Other expenditures	354,381		354,381	479,997	479,997	125,616
Total expenditures	3,206,534	127,312	3,333,846	3,798,997	3,798,997	465,151
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	181,777	(3,765)	178,012	(249,692)	(249,692)	427,704
Other financing sources (uses)	750		750	(96,765)	(96,765)	97,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financiang sources over (under) expenditures						
and other financing uses	182,527	(3,765)	178,762	(346,457)	(346,457)	525,219
Balance beginning of year	539,600	7,366	546,966	526,639	526,639	20,327
Balance end of year	722,127	3,601	725,728	180,182	180,182	545,546

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2006

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any of the four functions. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2006

Management \$	Student Activity \$	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy \$	Total \$
42,789	4,758	22,079	69,626
1,633	_	1,231	2,864
100,000	-	79,752	179,752
	9,065		9,065
144,422	13,823	103,062	261,307
100,000		79,752	179,752
100,000		79,752	179,752
44,422	13,823	23,310	81,555
44,422	13,823	23,310	81,555
144,422	13,823	103,062	261,307
	\$ 42,789 1,633 100,000 144,422	Management Activity \$ \$ 42,789 4,758 1,633	Management Student Activity Plant and Equipment Levy \$ \$ \$ \$ 42,789 4,758 22,079 1,633 - 1,231 100,000 - 79,752 - 9,065 - 144,422 13,823 103,062 44,422 13,823 23,310 44,422 13,823 23,310 44,422 13,823 23,310

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Management	Student Activity	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax	99,981	-	75,386	175,367
Other	3,088	51,078	8,561	62,727
State sources	80		60	140
Total revenues	103,149	51,078	84,007	238,234
Expenditures:				
Instruction	27,992	52,090	_	80,082
Support services:				
Administration services	1,755	_	8,348	10,103
Plant operation and maintenance	32,997	-	680	33,677
Student transportation	9,695	-	15,676	25,371
Non-instructional programs:				
Food service operations	1,923			1,923
Total expenditures	74,362	52,090	24,704	151,156
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	28,787	(1,012)	59,303	87,078
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers out			(47,205)	(47,205)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and				
other financing sources (uses)	28,787	(1,012)	12,098	39,873
other rinahering sources (uses)	20,101	(1,012)	12,090	39,013
Fund balances beginning of year	15,635	14,835	11,212	41,682
Balance end of year	44,422	13,823	23,310	81,555

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Instrumental Music	(31)	948	920	(3)
Vocal Music	498	13,226	13,557	167
Computers for Education	2,742	-	1,161	1,581
Drama	3,929	-	1,096	2,833
Athletics	(885)	12,091	10,772	434
Junior High Student Council	382	-	-	382
Honor Society	574	-	574	_
Industrial Technology	260	-	-	260
Consumer Science	905	166	405	666
Eighth Grade	893	15,597	10,630	5,860
Seventh Grade	2,397	218	2,615	_
Sixth Grade	1,840	218	2,058	_
Fifth Grade	1,010	231	1,492	(251)
Interest	(58)	64	-	6
School Store	596	2,436	1,908	1,124
Pop Machine	2,346	3,192	4,774	764
TAG	128	-	128	_
Yearbook	(2,691)	2,691		
Total	14,835	51,078	52,090	13,823

Schedule of Changes in Private Purpose Trusts

Year ended June 30, 2006

Account	Balance Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance End of Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Harms Scholarship	5,058	167	_	5,225
Allison-Bristow Scholarship	1,103	1,305	2,250	158
North Scholarship	1,498	20	-	1,518
Boylan Scholarship	_	34,557	_	34,557
Van Raden Scholarship	2,000			2,000
Total	9,659	36,049	2,250	43,458

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function ${\tt All\ Governmental\ Funds}$

For the Last Four Years

	Modified Accrual Basis			
	2006	2005	2004	2003
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Local sources:				
General	1,086,243	1,076,200	1,029,686	1,019,507
Special revenue/debt service	343,999	311,731	329,999	253,808
Capital projects	151,064	143,333		
	1,581,306	1,531,264	1,359,685	1,273,315
State sources:				
General	1,369,647	1,321,494	1,243,906	1,290,822
Special revenue/debt service	140		524	774
	1,369,787	1,321,494	1,244,430	1,291,596
Federal sources:				
General	112,255	105,555	125,878	135,079
Total	3,063,348	2,958,313	2,729,993	2,699,990

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Education of the Allison-Bristow Community School District:

Compliance

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Allison-Bristow Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statement listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon date July 25, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide and opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial. reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item 06-I-A is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether, Allison-Bristow Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Allison-Bristow Community School District and other parties to whom Allison-Bristow Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Allison-Bristow Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

July 25, 2006

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

06-I-A SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

<u>Comment</u> - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 06-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District.

 The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2006.
- 06-II-B <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006, did not exceed the certified budget amounts in any of the four functions.
- O6-II-C Questionable Disbursements No disbursements that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 06-II-D <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- ${\tt 06-II-E}$ ${\tt Business\ Transactions\ }$ No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- 06-II-F <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

approved by the Board were noted.

Department of Education were noted.

06-II-G

06-ІІ-Н	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
06-II-I	<u>Certified Annual Report</u> - The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
06-II-J	Certified Enrollment - No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the

Board Minutes - No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been